RASHTRASANT TUKADOJI MAHARAJ NAGPUR UNIVERSITY, NAGPUR



Scheme of Teaching and Examination for Two year Post Graduate Programme M. Sc. (Microbiology) (As per NEP 2020 Structure and Credit Distribution)

Course Effective from 2023-2024

Scheme of Teaching and Examination for M. Sc. (Microbiology)

As per NEP 2020 Structure and Credit Distribution of PG Degree Program

for Two Year Choice Based Credit System (Semester Pattern)

Effective from 2023-2024

Semester I

	~		~	Teach	ing So (hrs.)	cheme	Total			E	Ixamin	ation S	cheme		
S N	Course	Name of Course	Course				10141	Total Credit		The	ory		P	ractic	al
	Category		Code	(Th)	TU	Р	(Hrs)	Creun	Exam Hrs.	SEE	CIE	Min.	SEE	CIE	Min.
1	DSC	Microbial Metabolism	MMI1T01	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	-
2	DSC	Enzymology and Techniques	MMI1T02	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	-
3	DSE	Elective 1 (Choose any One) 1. Advance Techniques in Microbiology 2. Membrane Structure and Signal Transduction	MMI1T03	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	-
4	RM	Research Methodology	MMI1T04	4	-	-	4	4	2	80	20	40	-	-	-
5	LAB 1	Practical I	MMI1P01	-	-	6	6	3	2-6*				50	50	50
6	LAB 2	Practical II (Including Research Methodology)	MMI1P02	-	-	6	6	3	2-6*				50	50	50
		Total		16	-	12	28	22	-	320	80	160	100	100	100

Marks of Theory Component= 400 Marks of Practical Component= 200 TOTAL = 600 Min.Passing: 160+100= 260

Semester II

	C		0	Teach	ing So (hrs.)	cheme	Total	T ()	Examination Scheme						
S N	Course	Name of Course	Course		Ĺ		1000	Total Credit	al Theory		P	Practical			
	Category		Coue	(Th)	TU	Р	(Hrs)	Crean	Exam Hrs.	SEE	CIE	Min.	SEE	CIE	Min.
1	DSC	Environmental Microbial Technology	MMI2T05	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	
2	DSC	Immunology and Immunodiagnostics	MMI2T06	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	
3	DSE	Elective 2 (Choose any one) 1. Microbial Metabolites 2.Pharmaceutical Microbiology	MMI2T07	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	
4	OJT	On Job Training / Field Project	MOJ2P01	-	-	8	8	4	3-8*	-	-	-	50	50	50
5	LAB 3	Practical III	MMI2P03	-	-	6	6	3	2-6*	-	-	-	50	50	50
6	LAB 4	Practical IV	MMI2P04	-	-	6	6	3	3 2-6* 50		50	50	50		
		Total		12	-	20	32	22		240	60	120	150	150	150

Marks of Theory Component = 300 Marks of Practical Component= 300 TOTAL = 600 Min. Passing: 120+150= 270

Semester III

	9		G	Teach	ing So (hrs.)	cheme	Total		Examination Schem		cheme	eme			
S N	Course	Name of Course	Course		Ì		IUtai	Total Credit		The	ory		Practical		al
	Category		Code	(Th)	TU	Р	(Hrs)	Crean	Exam Hrs.	SEE	CIE	Min.	SEE	CIE	Min.
1	DSC	Microbial Diversity,Evolution and Ecology	MMI3T08	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	-
2	DSC	Molecular Biology and Genetics	MMI3T09	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	-
3	DSC	Recombinant DNA Technology and Nanobiotechnology	MMI3T10	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	-
4	DSE	Elective 3 (Choose any one) 1. Drug and Disease Management 2. Bioinformatics	MMI3T11	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	-
5	LAB 5	Practical V	MMI3P05	-	-	4	4	2	-	-	-	-	50	50	50
6	RP	Research Project/ Dissertation (Core)	MRP3P01	-	-	8	8	4	-	-	-	-	50	50	50
		Total		16	-	12	28	22		320	80	160	100	100	100

Marks of Theory Component= 400 Marks of Practical Component= 200 TOTAL = 600 Min.Passing: 160+100=260

Semester IV

	G		0	Teach	ing So (hrs.)	g Scheme F		Xamin	amination Scheme						
S N	Course	Name of Course	Course	Code			Iotai	Total Credit	Theory			Practical			
	Category		Coue	(Th)	TU	Р	(Hrs)	Crean	Exam Hrs.	SEE	CIE	Min.	SEE	CIE	Min.
1	DSC	Virology	MMI4T12	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	-
2	DSC	Microbial Fermentation & Techniques	MMI4T13	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	-
3	DSC	Medical Microbiology and Parasitology	MMI4T14	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	-
4	DSE	Elective 4 (Choose any one) 1. Vaccinology 2. Bioethics, Biosafety and IPR	MMI4T15	4	-	-	4	4	3	80	20	40	-	-	-
5	RP	Research Project / Dissertation (Core)	MRP4P02	-	-	12	12	6	-	-	-	-	100	100	100
		Total		10	-	12	28	22		520	00	100	100	100	100

Marks of Theory Component= 400 Marks of Project Component= 200 TOTAL = 600

Min. Passing: 160+100=260

2 Years-4 Sem. PG Degree (88 credits) after Three Year UG Degree or 1 Year-2 Sem PG Degree (44 credits) after Four Year UG Degree

Total Credits for Four Semesters (Two Year Course): 4 * 22 = 88

Total Marks for Four Semesters (Two Year Course): 4 * 600 = 2400

Basket for ELECTIVE (DSE) Category Courses (Microbiology)

Semester	Course Category	Name of Course	Course Code
Ι	Elective 1	A. Advance Techniques in Microbiology	
		B. Membrane Structure and Signal Transduction	WIWITT 103
П	Elective 2	A. Microbial Metabolites	
11	Elective 2	B. Pharmaceutical Microbiology	MMI2T07
III	Elective 3	A. Drug and Disease Management	
		B. Bioinformatics	MMI3T11
IV	Flective A	A. Vaccinology	
1 V	Licenve 4	B. Bioethics, Biosafety and IPR	MIVI14115

Abbreviations:

DSC: Discipline Specific Course, **DSE**: Discipline Specific Elective **SEE**: Semester End Examination, **CIE**: Continuous Internal Evaluation, **OJT**: On the Job Training (Internship/Apprenticeship), **FP**: Field Project, **RM**: Research Methodology, **RP**: Research Project

EVALUATION and DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

(1) Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): Twenty (20) marks

- a. Mid-Semester Examination: Maximum Marks 10, Duration of Examination: One Hour, Pattern of Question Paper: Multiple Choice Questions, Mode of examination: Online or offline.
- b. Overall Participation: Maximum 10 Marks (Such as, Attendance in theory classes, seminar, assignment, quiz, participation in field tours, conferences, workshops, and the general behaviour in the department.)

Note: Total Marks of CIE will be 20 (i.e., 10+10). A candidate must have to secure minimum 50% marks (i.e., 10 out of 20 marks). Failing so, he/she shall not be allowed to appear in End Semester Examination.

(2) Semester End Examination (SEE)

a. Theory Paper: Maximum Marks: 80 (Eighty), Duration of Examination-Three Hours, The paper will be set so as to cover all units/sections of the syllabus as below:

Type of	Total Number of	No. of	Marks for Each	Total maximum
questions	questions with Marks	questions to	Question	marks
 Short answer questions Long answer questions 	4 + 1 = 5 one long question from each unit (16 marks each) or two questions from each unit (8+8=16 marks each) + one short question on each unit (4 marks each)	5	16	80

3) General Scheme for Distribution of Marks in Practical Examination in Microbiology

Marks: 100 [SEE: 50 Marks] [CIE: 50 Marks]

a) **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): Fifty (50) marks:** Attendance in practical classes, seminar, assignment, quiz, participation in field tours, conferences, workshops, and the general behaviour in the department

Note: Total Marks of CIE will be 50 marks. A candidate must have to secure minimum 50% marks (i.e., 25 out of 50 marks). Failing so, he/she shall not be allowed to appear in End Semester Examination

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Exercise-1	15 Marks	- Evaluated jointly by Internal and External Examiner
Exercise-2	15 Marks	- Evaluated jointly by Internal and External Examiner
Record	10 Marks	- Evaluated by Internal
Viva-Voce	10 Marks	- Evaluated by External

b) Semester End Examination (SEE): Time: 5-6 h (Two days Examination)

Total 50 Marks

4) General Scheme for Distribution of Marks in Project Examination in Microbiology

The project work will carry total 100 marks (SEE=50 + CIE=50) in Semester III and 200 marks (SEE=100 + CIE=100) in Semester IV and will be evaluated by both external and internal examiners in the Department. The examiners will evaluate the project work considering the coverage of subject matter, presentation, literature etc.

RASHTRASANT TUKADOJI MAHARAJ NAGPUR UNIVERSITY, NAGPUR



Syllabus

for

Two year Post Graduate Programme M. Sc. (Microbiology)

(As per NEP 2020 Structure Effective from 2023-2024)

M. Sc. Semester-I

Discipline Specific Core Course (DSC-1)-MICROBIOLOGY –Paper I (MMI1T01) (MICROBIAL METABOLISM)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Understand the biochemical basis of life forms
- 2. Learn the energy transformations in biological processes
- 3. Understand the synthesis of biomolecules
- 4. Understand synthesis and breakdown mechanisms in bacteria

DSC-1 THEORY	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit: 04				
	Unit-I		L				
Carbohydrates and Lipids	Carbonydrates as informational molecules:-Sugar code, Plant Lectins: - ConA, GS4, WGA. Animal:- Galectin A, MBP- 1.Viral:- HA, VPI. Bacterial:- LT,CT. Reverse TCA cycle, Biosynthesis of cell wall polysaccharides and bacterial peptidoglycan. Biosynthesis of microbial exopolysaccharides (alginate) Lipid:- Membrane lipids, biosynthesis of membrane phospholipids, Steroid transformation						
	Unit-II						
Proteins and Nucleic acids	 Proteins: Characteristics of Ramachandran plot, Concept o common motifs and their role in and denaturation curves, role of Biosynthesis of amino acids (on amino acid). Determination of primary str terminal, C-terminal determination peptides), Nucleic acids:- Structural detain structures: palindrome, inverted DNA, G tetraplex, secondary s pyrimidine biosynthesis, degrad pathway, Inhibitors. DNA sequencing. (Maxam–G method) 	alpha-helix and β -sheets. f protein domain and motif, n metabolism, protein folding Chaperones and chaperonins. ly Aromatic, Acidic and Basic ructure of polypeptide (N- ion, method of sequencing of ils of Duplex DNA, Unusual repeats, mirror repeats, triplet tructure of RNA, purine and ation and regulation, salvage ilbert and Sanger dideoxy	15 Hrs				

	Unit III					
 Photosynthesis Anoxygenic photosynthesis:-Green sulphur bacterial, non-sulphur bacterial, purple phototrophic bacteria. Oxygenic photosynthesis:-Cyanobacteria. Chemolithotrophy:- Hydrogen oxidation and autotrophy in hydrogen bacteria. Oxidation of reduced sulphur compounds and Iron. Bioluminiscence; Biochemical pathway in bacteria 						
	Unit IV					
Nitrogen and Sulphur metabolism and methanogenesis	Biochemical Mechanisms: Nitrification and Anammox. Nitrate reduction and Denitrification. Nitrogen fixation: Symbiotic, nonsymbiotic. Sulphate reduction. Methanogenesis, Acetogenesis, Acetate use and autotrophy	15 Hrs				

1. D. L. Nelson and M. M. Cox. 'Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry', Macmillan Int.

2. J. M. Berg, J. L. Tymoczko and L. Stryer. 'Biochemistry' 6 th edition, W. H Freeman and Company.

3. S. C. Rastogi. 'Biochemistry'. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi.

4. Gottschalk G. 'Bacterial Metabolism'. Springer, New York.

5. Doelle H.W. 1969. Bacterial Metabolism. Academic Press

6. Sandikar B. M. 'Basic Biochemistry and Microbial Metabolism'. Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.

7. Conn E. E. and Stmph P. K. 'Outlines of Biochemistry' John Wiley & Sons, New Delhi.

8. Sokatch JR. 1969. Bacterial Physiology and Metabolism. Academic Press

9. Brock Biology of Microorganisms, Thirteenth Edition by Michael T. Madigan, John M. Martinko, David A. Stahl, David P. Clark, Benjamin Cummings, 1301 Sansome Street, San Francisco, CA 94111.

10. Voet D. and Voet J. G. (2011). Biochemistry. United Kingdom: Wiley.

M. Sc. Semester-I

Discipline Specific Core Course (DSC-2)-MICROBIOLOGY –Paper 2 (MMI1T02) (ENZYMOLOGY AND TECHNIQUES)

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Students will be able to understand general characteristics of enzymes
- 2. Students will learn the different mechanisms of enzyme catalysis.
- 3. Students will be able to Gain an understanding of enzyme kinetics and regulation.
- 4. Students will be able to understanding the various biochemical techniques based on enzymes like biosensors

DSC-2	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:			
THEORY			04			
	Unit-I					
Fundamentals	Concept of enzyme specificity, I	Mechanism of enzyme action:	15 Hrs			
of Enzymology	Models, catalysis by proximity effect, acid-base catalysis,					
	electrostatic interaction, metal io	n catalysis, nucleophilic and				
	electrophilic catalysis, preferenti	al binding. Mechanism of				
	action of lysozyme and serine pr	oteases.				
	Multienzyme complexes; Conce	pt and mechanism of fatty				
	acid synthase and pyruvate dehy	drogenase complexes				
	Isoenzyme; concept and Lactate	dehydrogenases as marker				
	enzymes					
	Enzyme regulation: Allosteric (example ATCase) chemical				
	modification and calmodulin me	diated regulation.				
	Unit-II					
Enzyme Kinetics	Significance of Michaelis-Mente transformations.	en equation and its	15 Hrs			
	kinetics of enzyme inhibition,					
	Kinetics of bisubstrate reaction &	& multistep reactions				
	Allosterism: Kinetic analysis of a	allosteric enzymes.				
	Covalent Modification, Feed -back inhibition.					

Unit III										
Enzyme Techniques	Techniques for isolation and purification of enzymes, methods for enzyme assays.	15 Hrs								
reeninques	Protein: ligand binding studies: association and dissociation constants, co-operative ligand binding MWC or concerted model, sequential model.									
	Enzyme biosensors: General concept, glucose biosensor. Industrial applications of enzymes (Amylase, Protease, Cellulase)									
	Protein engineering- Objectives & strategies of enzyme engineering. Methods of enzyme engineering. Protein engineering applications.									
	Unit IV									
Immobilised enzymes	Immobilization techniques for cells (physical adsorption, ionic binding, covalent binding, lattice entrapment, membrane entrapment, micro encapsulation) and enzymes (covalent binding, entrapment, micro encapsulation, cross- linking, adsorption, ionic binding, affinity binding, chelation, disulfide bonds) Immobilized enzyme kinetics, Immobilized bioreactors Applications of immobilized enzymes	15 Hrs								

- 1) Fundamentals of Enzymology- Nicholas Price and Lewis Stevens, Oxford University press
- 2) Biochemistry Albert L. Lehninger, Kalyani Publishers
- 3) Outlines of Biochemistry- Conn & Stumph
- 4) Enzymes & Enzyme Technology Anilkumar, MV Learning
- 5) "Enzymology and Enzyme Technology" by Bhatt S M .
- 6) Enzyme Technology" by S Shanmugam and T Sathishkumar ...
- 7) The Biochemistry of copper By: Jack Peisach, Phillip Aisen.
- 8) Metabolic Pathways By:-David M.Greenberg.
- 9) Harper's Biochemistry By: Robert K.Myrray.
- 10) Enzymes: By Trevor Palmer.
- 11) Methods in Enzymology By: S. Berger, A. Kimmel.
- 12) Immobilization of Enzymes and cells By: Gordon Bickerstaff.
- 13) Enzymes -Biotechnology Hand book-by NIIR Board of Consultants & Engineers Asia Pacific Business Press Inc,106-E ,Kamla Nagar,Delhi-110007

M. Sc. Semester-I Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE-1)-MICROBIOLOGY- Paper 3 (MMI1T03) (ADVANCE TECHNIQUES IN MICROBIOLOGY)

Course outcome: At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Learn the basic biophysical techniques
- 2. Understand the design and working principle of various microscopes
- 3. Understand the bimolecular separation and identification techniques
- 4. Learn the advanced molecular techniques

DSE-1	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:				
THEORY			04				
	Unit-I						
Biophysical	Determination of size, shape and	Molecular weight of	15 Hrs				
Techniques-I	Macromolecules:-by Viscosity, C	D/ORD, Light scattering,					
	diffusion sedimentation and Cent	rifugation techniques.					
	X-ray crystallography: Principle, ins	strumentation and applications					
	Unit-II						
BiophysicalElectrophoresis: Agarose Gel, SDS-page, two-dimensional gel							
Techniques-II	electrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis, immune-						
	electrophoresis, Pulse field gel electrophoresis.						
	Chromatography : Principle, instrumentation and applications of						
GLC, GC-MS and HPLC							
	Unit III						
Biophysical	Blotting techniques: Western, So	uthern, Northern,	15 Hrs				
technique III	Radioimmunoassay. NMR and it	s biological importance.					
	Infrared spectroscopy, FTIR Spec	ctroscopy and its application.					
	Radiography : Basic concept, Au	toradiography					
	l						
	Unit IV						
Microscopical	Electron Microscopy: SEM, TEM	I, Staining procedures and	15 Hrs				
Techniques.	microscopy.						
	Fluorescent Microscopy: Staining	g procedures and Microscopy.					
	FISH. Laser scanning, confocal r	nicroscopy, Atomic force					
	microscopy. Cryoelectron micros	copy.					

- 1. Biophysical Chemistry by Upadhyay, Upadhyay, Nath
- 2. Boyer R. F. (2000). Modern experimental biochemistry. India: Pearson Education.
- 3. Chakravarty R., Goel S. and Cai W. (2014). Nanobody: the "magic bullet" for molecular imaging? Theranostics. 4(4): 386-398.doi:10.7150/thno.8006
- 4. Dennison C. (2013). A guide to protein isolation. Netherlands: Springer Netherlands.
- 5. Desiderio D. M., Kraj A. and Nibbering N. M. (2009). Mass spectrometry: instrumentation, interpretation and applications. United Kingdom:Wiley.
- 6. Feldheim D. L. and Foss C. A., Jr. (Editors). (2002) Metal nanoparticles synthesis and characterization and applications. Taylor & Francis
- 7. Hofmann A., Walker J. M., Wilson K. and Clokie S. (2018). Wilson and Walker's Principles and techniques of biochemistry and molecular biology. United Kingdom: Cambridge University Press.
- 8. Narayanan P. (2007). Essentials of biophysics. India: New Age International.
- 9. Nölting B. (2013). Methods in modern biophysics. Germany: Springer Berlin Heidelberg.
- 10. Rutherford T. (2019). Principles of analytical biochemistry. Alexis Press LLC. New York.
- 11. Segel I. H. (2010). Biochemical calculations. 2nd Edition. India: Wiley India Private. Limited.

M. Sc. Semester-I Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE-1)-MICROBIOLOGY- Paper 3 (MMI1T03) (MEMBRANE STRUCTURE AND SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION)

Course Outcome:

- 1. Students will understand the structures and components of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, especially macromolecules, membranes, and organelles.
- 2. Students will understand how the transport of molecules through cell membrane.
- 3. Students will understand different advance technique used for cell membrane study.

At the end of the course, the student has a strong foundation on the functions of the cell.

DSE-1	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:
THEORY			04
	Unit-I		
Structure and	Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic C	ell structure, Structure and	15 Hrs
organization of	function of Mitochondria, and	nd Endoplasmic reticulum,	
membranes	prokaryotic membrane, Membr	ane junctions (Gap & tight	
	junctions),		
	Techniques for membrane st	udy: Electron microscopic	
	method, membrane vesicle	es, differential scanning	
	colorimetry, flouroscence, phot	o bleaching recovery, flow	
	cytometry		
	Unit-II		
Membrane	Active and Passive transport, U	niport, ATP powered pumps,	15 Hrs
Transport	non-gated ion channels, co t	ransport by symporters and	
	antiporters, transepithelial transp	ort.	
G1		C and in a second dimension	1 <i>2</i> II
Signal Trees a decation	General concept of cell signaling	g, G-protein coupled receptors	15 Hrs
Transduction	and their effectors.	a sulations of notherways	
	RIK and MAP Kinases-Down for	in mashaniam (AV STAT	
	cytokine receptors and the	ir mechanism (AK-STAT	
	paniway).		
	Unit IV		
Bacterial signal	Basic two component system.	Histidine kinase pathway.	15 Hrs
transduction	Sporulation as a model of bacteri	al signaltransduction.	
	Osmoregulatory pathways. Heat	shock proteins. Mating types	
	of yeast.		
	Bacterial Biofilm: Composition,	formation and role.	

- 1. Principles of Biochemistry, A. L. Lehninger, D.L. Nelson, M.M. Cox., Worth Publishing.
- 2. Harper's Biochemistry K. Robert, M.D. Murray, D.K. Granner, P.A. Mayes and V.I. Rodwell,McGraw Hill/ Appleton and Lange.
- 3. Biochemistry (Fifth Edition), Lubert Stryer.
- 4. V. Voet and J. G. Voet, Biochemistry, 3rd edition, John Wiley, New York, 2004.
- 5. Molecular Cell Biology by Bruce Albert.
- 6. Molecular Biology by Lodish, Darnell and Baltimore.
- 7. Molecular Biology of the gene by Watson et al 4th ed.
- 8. Cell and molecular biology by Gerald Karp.
- 9. Cell biology by Pollard and Earnshaw

M. Sc. Semester-I MICROBIOLOGY - Paper-4 (MMI1T04) (RESEARCH METHODOLOGY)

Course Outcomes:

After learning research methodology course, students will be able to

1. Identify and describe the characteristics of different types of research, including basic, applied, and patent-oriented research.

2. Apply scientific thinking and problem identification techniques in the research process. 3. Apply descriptive and inferential statistical analysis techniques to analyze and interpret research data and understand the concept of hypothesis and its importance in research, and apply appropriate research methods.

4. Develop skills in technical writing, research reporting, and the proper structure and organization of research documents and gain awareness of research ethics, academic integrity, and the importance of avoiding plagiarism and academic malpractice.

RM- THEORY	Hours: 04	Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit: 04
		Unit-I		l
Research basics				15 Hrs
& objectives	1.1 Definiti	ons; research, researc	ch methodology, discovery,	
	inventio	on & innovation.		
	1.2 General	& specific character	istics of research. Types of	
	research	h- Descriptive & anal	ytical, Applied & fundamental,	
	Qualitat	tive & quantitative, C	conceptual and empirical.	
	1.3 Steps of	f action- Genesis of p	roblem, defining of problem &	
	formula	tion of the problem.		
	1.4 Literatu	re survey- Importanc	e of literature survey in	
	defining	g the problem-Primar	y & secondary sources-	
	reviews	, monographs, paten	ts, web as a source of	
	literatu	re.		
	1.5 Identify	ving gaps in present k	nowledge. Research questions	
	& deve	lopment of working h	ypothesis.	

	Unit-II	
Research Design	2.1 Features of good research	15 Hrs
	2.2 Definition of hypothesis, assumption, postulates. Qualities of good hypothesis, Null Hypothesis and Alternative Hypothesis	
	2.3 Definition & types research methods, characteristics of survey methods their types & advantages.	
	2.4 Experimental method- definition, basic assumption, types of variables in experiment. Steps of experimental method.	
	Init III	
Ria-statistics &		15 Hrs
its application in research	 3.1 Definition of statistics & bio-statistics, population & types of population, individual, attribute, variate, frequency & frequency distribution, class interval, methods of grouping or class interval, class width & boundary, Accuracy and Precision. 3.2 Methods of data collection-Sampling , sampling errors, non sampling errors 3.3 Central tendency & measures of central tendency- mode, median, arithmetic mean of grouped & ungrouped data geometric mean, harmonic mean. 3.4 Measures of variance or dispersion- standard deviation or root mean deviation 3.5 Test of comparision - Chi square test, Student's t-test. 3.6 Correlation analysis. Linear regression. 3.7 Introduction to ANOVA, Use of statistical software. Application of Microsoft Excel in statistical analysis (statistical functions and spreadsheets in MS-Excel). 3.8 Presentation of statistical data- Tables , Charts (bar charts, pie charts) & diagrams (histograms & dendrogram) & diagrams (bar charts, pie charts, networks and the statistical statistical statistical functions and spreadsheets in MS-Excel). 	

	Unit IV
Technical, and research reporting, research ethics and plagiarism	4.1 Research report-Concept and need of research report and 15 Hrs scientific writing. Structure of thesis, structure of project report, structure of project proposal. Importance of abbreviations and acronyms. Significance of report writing
	 4.2 Structure of Research paper, Types of scientific publications- magazines, journals, reviews, news-letters, various reference styles. Annotated bibliographies. 4.3 Academic integrity (Research Ethics) skills (rules) for
	good academic practice, understanding plagiarism and academic malpractice/ Copy write, plagiarism checker.
	 4.4 Impact Factor, Cite Score, <i>h</i>-Index, i10-Index, Citation Index. 4.5 Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) Introduction to IPR (Patents, Trademarks, Geographical indicators, and Copyright).
	4.6 Online research tools; N-list, Zotero /Mendley, and Software for paper formatting like LaTeX tools; N-list, Mendley, plagiarism checker and LaTeX.

- 1. Shanti Mishra, & Alok, S. (2011). *Handbook of Research Methodology: A Compendium for Scholars & Researchers*. Educreation Publishing.
- 2. Singh, Y. kumar. (2006). *Fundamentals of Research Methodology and Statistics*. New Age International Publishers.
- 3. Walliman, N. (2010). Research Methods The Basics. Routledge Taylor and Francis Group.

M. Sc. Semester-I MICROBIOLOGY – PRACTICAL-1 (MMI1P01)

Course outcomes:

1.This course explains the enzyme activity determination of important hydrolytic enzymes.

- 2. Students will earn about the effect of different physical factors.
- **3.** Students will able to isolate and purify the enzyme.
- 4. Students will able to isolate and identify Nitrogen fixing bacteria.
- 5. Students will be able to isolate Siderophore producing bacteria.

LAB-1	Hours: 06 Hours /Week	Marks: 50+50=100	Credit: 03
	Perform minimum 08 from	following practical's	
	1) Detection of Urease enzyme activity	ty,	45 Hrs
	2) Determination of kinetic constant Vmax, Km.	of amylase: -Amylase activity,	
	3) Effect of pH and temperature on a	mylase activity.	
	4) Effect of inhibitors on amylase act	ivity.	
	5) Estimation of protein by Lowry's	method.	
	6) Production, isolation and purificat	ion of enzyme and	
	determination of its activity. (any o	ne enzyme)	
	7) Estimation of sucrose in presence of glucose.		
	8) Determination of UV absorption maxima of proteins, DNA and		
	RNA.		
	9) Isolation of Siderophore producing	ng bacteria.	
	10) Determination nitrate reduction a	nd denitrification of	
	microorganism		
	11) Determination of blood sugar by	using glucose biosensor.	
	12) Titration curve of amino acid and	l determination of pK value.	
	13) Immobilization of enzyme and es	stimation of its activity.	

M. Sc. Semester-I MICROBIOLOGY – PRACTICAL-2 (MMI1P02)

Course outcomes: After successful completion of this course, students will be able :

1. This course explains the techniques of protein biology

2. Students will learn about Subcellular organelles and isolation of Marker enzymes.

3. The performance of various molecular techniques will be understood

4. Students will learn various techniques of protein isolation and analysis techniques

5. Students will learn about techniques for Isolation and screening of industrially important microorganisms

6. Students will learn about statistical analysis of research data

LAB-2	Hours: 06 Hours /Week	Marks: 50+50=100	Credit: 03
Perform	minimum 10 from following practical's a are compulso	and Experiment number 15, ry	16 and 17
	1) Separation of DNA by agarose gel ele	ctrophoresis	45 Hrs
	2) Separation of amino acids/sugars by r	aner chromatography	
	2) Separation of serum proteins by papa	alectrophoresis	
	5) Separation of serum proteins by paper		
	4) Separation of amino acids by Thin lay	er chromatography.	
	5) SDS-Page of proteins.		
	6) Performance of affinity chromatograp	hy.	
	7) Performance of Gel filtration chromatography.		
	8) Demonstration of blotting technique [Western/Southern/Northern].		
	9) Ion exchange chromatography		
	10) Separation of Subcellular organelles	and isolation of Marker	
	enzymes		
	11) Demonstration of HPLC and GC.		
	12) Isolation and screening of industriall	y important microorganisms.	
	13) Determination of thermal death point	nt and thermal death time of	
	microorganisms.		
	14) Measurement of bacterial population	by turbidometry method	
	15) Determination of Statistical averages / c	entral tendencies. a) Arithmetic	
	mean b) Median c) Mode.		

16) Representation of Statistical data by a) Histograms b) Pie diagrams c)
Use of statistical software (SPSS).
17) Determination of measures of Dispersion a) Mean deviation b) Standard
deviation and coefficient of variation.
18) Tests of Significance-Application of following a) ChiSquare test b) t-
test c) Standard error
19) Determination and interpretation of data by one and two way ANOVA.

Suggested Books for Lab 1 & 2:

- 1) Microbes in Action: Seely, Wander Mark Tarporewala, Bombay
- 2) A Manual of Microbiology: A.J. Salle.
- 3) Microbiology Methods: Collins
- 4) Bacteriological Techniques: F.J.Baker
- 5) Introduction to Microbial Techniques: Gunasekaran
- 6) Biochemical methods: Sadashivam & amp; Manickam
- 7) Laboratory Fundamentals of Microbiology: Alcamo, I.E., Jones and

Bartlett Publishers

- 8) Biochemical techniques by Wilson and Walker.
- 9) Experimental Biochemistry by B. Sashidhar Rao and Vijay M. Deshpande.
- 10) Practical Biochemistry by David Plummer
- 11) An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, 3rd Edition, Plummer D.T
- 12) Experiments in Microbiology, 4th Ed., Aneja K.R.
- 13) Handbook of Techniques in Microbiology, Karwa A S., Rai, MK and Singh HB
- 14) Methods in Enzymology By: S.Berger, A. Kimmel.
- 15) Laboratory Manual on Biotechnology-P. M. Swamy
- 16) Essentials of biostatistics & research methodology by Indranil, Saha, Bobby Paul.

M. Sc. Semester-II Discipline Specific Core Course (DSC-3)-MICROBIOLOGY –Paper 5 (MMI2T05) (ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIAL TECHNOLOGY)

Course Outcomes:

1. Be able to acquaint with microbial communities and their interaction.

2. Be able to know about role of microorganisms in treatment of waste materials.

3. Be able to know about the factors responsible for global warming.

4. Be able to know about restoration of degraded ecosystem.

DSC-3	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:	
THEORY			04	
	Unit-I			
Biodeterioration ,	Biodeterioration: Definition and	concept of biodeterioration,	15 Hrs	
Biomagnification	biodeterioration of woods, textile	e clothing and pharmaceutical		
and	products. Biodeterioration of sto	one monuments and approach		
Eutrophication	for its restoration.			
	Biomagnification: concept and consequences,			
	Biomagnifications of heavy met	als, chlorinated hydrocarbons		
	and pesticides and mitigation me	thods.		
	Eutrophication: Consequences of	f. waste water and sewage		
	discharge in natural water bodi	es, Causes of eutrophication,		
	Microbial changes induced by	discharge of organic and		
	inorganic pollutants, factors influencing eutrophication			
	process and control of eutrophication.			
	Unit-II			
Biotransformation ,	Biotransformations: Mechanism	of biotransformation, Metals	15 Hrs	
Biodegradation	and metalloids, mercury,	pesticides such as		
and Bioleaching	hexachlorobenzene and DDT tra	nsformations.		
	Biodegradation: Biodegradation	of plastics, lignin, aliphatic,		
	aromatic and asphalts hydrocarbo	ons.		
	Bioleaching of ores, leaching tec	hniques and applications.		
	Unit III			
Restoration of	Concept of Reclamation, reveget	tation. Management of mine	15 Hrs	
degraded	spoil dumps and tailing sites. W	Vastewater management using		
ecosystems	high rate transpiration systems.	Concept of phytoremediation		
· ·	and applications. Case studie	s related to restoration of		
	wasteland ecosystems using	integrated biotechnological		
	approach.			
	TT			

	Unit IV	
Global	Global warming and climate change, Ozone depletion, UV-B,	15 Hrs
Environmental	green house effect, acid rain, their impact and	
Problems	biotechnological approaches for management. Acid mine drainage and associated problems.	

1. Application of Microbes in Environmental and Microbial Biotechnology. Editors: Inamuddin, Mohd Imran, Ahamed, Ram Prasad, Copyright: 2022

2. Recent Advances in Microbial Degradation. Editors: Inamuddin, Mohd Imran Ahamed, Ram Prasad, Copyright: 2021

3. Environmental Pollution and Remediation, Editors: Ram Prasad Copyright: 2021

4. Advances in the Domain of Environmental Biotechnology

5. Recent Developments in Microbial Technologies. Editors: Ram Prasad, Vivek Kumar, Joginder Singh, Chandrama Prakash Upadhyaya, Copyright: 2021

6. Microbial Technology For Sustainable Environment Editors: <u>Pankaj Bhatt</u>, <u>Saurabh</u> <u>Gangola</u>, <u>Dhanushka Udayanga</u>, <u>Govind Kumar</u>

7. Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals and Applications (4th Edition) Author: Ronald M. Atlas, Richard Bartha

8. Brock Biology of Microorganisms (14th Edition) **Author:** Michael T. Madigan, John M. Martinko, Kelly S. Bender, Daniel H. Buckley, David A. Stahl, Thomas Brock

9. Environmental Microbiology 3rd Edition Author: Ian L. Pepper, Charles P. Gerba, Terry J. Gentry

10. Soil Microbiology 3rd Edition Author: Robert L. Tate III

Environmental Microbiology: From Genomes to Biogeochemistry 2nd Edition Author: Eugene
 Madsen

12. Manual of Environmental Microbiology **Author:** Cindy H. Nakatsu, Robert V. Miller, Suresh D. Pillai

M. Sc. Semester-II

Discipline Specific Core Course (DSC-4)-MICROBIOLOGY –Paper 6 (MMI2T06) (IMMUNOLOGY AND IMMUNODIAGNOSTICS)

Course outcome:

- 1. This course gives an overview on the immune system including organs, cells and receptors
- 2. The students learn about molecular basis of antigen recognition, hypersensitivity reaction, antigen-antibody reactions.
- 3. The course develops in the student an appreciation for principles of immunology andits applications in treating human diseases.

DSC-4		Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:	
THEORY	7			04	
	Unit-I				
Overview	of the	Cells involved in Immune	e system: Hematopoiesis,	15 Hrs	
Immune	system	Lymphocytes, mononuclear pha	agocytes, Antigen Presenting		
and CMI		cells, Granulocytes.			
		Lymphoid organ: Lymphatic sys	stem, Primary and Secondary		
		lymphoid organs.			
		Complement System: Pathway	s of complement activation,		
		regulation of complement syst	tem, Biological functions of		
		complement system.			
		Inflammation: Intracellular	cell adhesion molecules,		
		Mechanism of cell inigration,	innanination. Pathways of		
		Cell Mediated Immunity: Gen	oral properties of effector T		
		cells Cytotoxic T Cells Natural Killer cells Antibody			
		Dependent cell mediated cytotox	icity.		
		T-Cell dependent and T-	cell independent defense		
		mechanisms.	1		
		Unit-II			
Specific 1	lmmune	Cancer and the Immune system	m: Origin and Terminology,	15 Hrs	
Response		Malignant Transformation of o	cells, oncogenes and cancer		
		induction, Tumor Antigens, I	mmune surveillance theory,		
		Tumor evasion of the Immune sys	stem, Cancer Immunotherapy.		
		Transplantation Immunology: I	mmunological basis of Graft		
		Rejection, Mechanism of Graft	ejection. Immunosuppressive		
		therapy: General and specific. Cl	inical Transplant.		
		Interance: Central and peripheral tolerance to self antigens,			
	Mechanism of induction of natural tolerance.				

	Unit III	
Immune Dysfunction	Immunodeficiency disorders:- Phagocytic cell defect (Chediak- Higashi syndrome); B-cell deficiency (Bruton's X-linked hypogammaglobulinemia); T-cell deficiency disorder (DiGeorge Syndrome); Combined B-cell & T-cell deficiency disorder (SCID-Severe combined immunodeficiency diseases, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome); Complement deficiencies and secondary immunodeficiency conditions carried by drugs, nutritional factors & AIDS. Autoimmunity and autoimmune diseases:-General consideration, Etiology, Clinical categories, Diagnosis and treatment. RA (Rheumatoid arthritis); SLE (Systemic Lupus Erythematosus); Guillain-Barre Syndrome; Multiple sclerosis; Mysthenia gravis; Grave's disease; Goodpasture syndrome, Autoimmune haemolytic disease; Pernicious anaemia. Hypersensitivity :- Type I, Type II, Type III & Type IV	15 Hrs
	Unit IV	
Immuno- diagnostics	Precipitationreactions:Immunodiffusion,immunoelectrophoresis,Agglutinationreactions:BacterialAgglutination,Passiveagglutination,Reverse passiveagglutination and agglutination inhibition.Immunodiagnostic techniques:Radio-Immuno assay,ELISA,Chemiluminiscenceimmunoassay,Westernblottingtechnique,Complementfixationtest,Immunoelectronmicroscopy.	15 Hrs

- 1. Essentials of Immunology by Riott I .M. 1998. ELBS, Blackwell Scientific Publishers, London.
- 2. Immunology 2nd Edition by Kuby J. 1994. W.H. Freeman and Co. New York.
- 3. Immunology Understanding of Immune System by Claus D. Elgert. 1996. Wiley -Liss, New York.
- 4. Fundamentals of Immunology by William Paul.
- 5. Cellular and Molecular Immunology. 3rd Edition by Abbas.
- 6. Immunobiology: The Immune System in Health and Disease. 3rd Edition by Travers.
- 7. Immunology- A short Course. 2nd Edition by Benjamin.
- 8. Manual of Clinical Laboratory and Immunology 6th Edition. 2002 by Noel R. Rose, Chief Editor: Robert G. Hamilton and Barbara Detrick (Eds.), ASM Publications.
- 9. Pocket Guide to Clinical Microbiology. 2nd Edition. 1998 by Patrick R. Murray, ASM Publications.
- 10. Immunology, 6th Edition Kuby, RA Goldsby, Thomas J. Kindt, Barbara, A. Osborne, Freeman, 2002.
- 11. Janeway et al., Immunobiology, 4th Edition, Current Biology publications., 1999.
- 12. Fundamental of Immunology, Paul, 4th edition, Lippencott Raven, 1999.
- 13. Monoclonal antibodies Goding, , Academic Press. 1985.

M. Sc. Semester-II Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE-2)-MICROBIOLOGY- Paper 7 (MMI1T03) (MICROBIAL METABOLITES)

Course Outcomes

- 1. Acquaint with basics of microbial metabolites, newer bioactive molecules and Immunomodulators.
- 2. Understand structure and mode of action of secondary metabolites. Knows the concept of Quorum sensing.

DSE-2 THEORY	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit: 04	
	Unit-I			
Introduction of metabolites	Metabolites: General account of metabolites, secondary metabolites. Classification, structure and mode of action of secondary metabolites. Plants secondary metabolites: Digitoxine, Salicylic acid,			
	Mycotoxins- Aflatoxin, Ochratoxin, Patulin.			
	Biopolymers: Polypeptides (collagen, casein and serum albumin), Polynucleotides and polysaccharides (amylose, amylopectin, alginate, cellulose) and other biopolymers like chitin, Xanthan, dextrin, Gellan, Pullulan, curdlan and hyluronic acid.			
	Polyamines: Brief outline and functions of polyamines Synthesis of linear polyamine-putrescine,			
	cadoverine, spermidine and spermine.			
	Secondary Metabolite Productio inhibitors and Immunomodulator	n by Cyanobacteria, Enzyme s		
	Unit-II			
Antimicrobial drugs: Secondary metabolites	Antibiotics: History and discov resistance, Mechanisms of antibio Structure and mode of action of a	ery of antibiotics, Antibiotic otic resistance. antibiotics:	15 Hrs	
	Aminoglycosides (Amikacin), Microlids (Azithromycin), M Penicillin (Amoxicillin), /Ciprofloxacin), Sulphonam Tetracyclines (Doxycyclines), Ch	Carbapenems (Imipenim), Nitrofuran (Nitrofurantoin), Quinolones (Gatifloxacin ides (Sulfamethoxazole), Iloramphenicol, Fucanazole.		
	New Molecules- Angucyclin rabelomycin and 5-hydroxy-rabe	es (baikalomycins A–C), lomycin		

Unit III			
Pigments as	General account of pigments.	15 Hrs	
metabolites	Microbial pigments: Bacteriochlorophylls, Carotenoids of prokaryotes, rhodopsin and accessory pigments (Pulcherrimin and indigoidin) Defensive role of pigments. Vaso-relaxants or contractants, Diuretics or laxatives Marine bacteria synthetizing bio-pigment- prodigiosin, astaxanthin, violacein, zeaxanthin, lutein or lycopene Industrial Importance of Pigmented Compounds		
	Unit IV		
Microbial vitamins	Antioxidants. Characteristics of fats and water soluble vitamins. Structure, function and chemistry of: Retinol (vitamin A), Riboflavin (vitamin B2), Cynocobalamine(Vitamin B12) and ascorbic acid (vitamin C). Deficiency diseases in humans:Xerophthalmia, BeriBeri, Pellegra, Scurvey, Keratomalacia, osteoporosis,	15 Hrs	
	Osteomalacia, Cheilosis, Glossitis, Pernicious anemia and Erythroid hypoplassia.		

- 1. General Microbiology by Hans G. Schlegel, C. Zaborosch. Publisher: Cambridge University Press
- 2. Biotechnology. A Textbook of Industrial Microbiology, by W. Crueger and A. Crueger.
- 3. Publisher :Sinauer Associates.
- 4. Industrial microbiology by G. Reed, Publishers: CBS
- 5. Biology of Industrial microorganisms By A. L. Demain.
- 6. Stanbury P.F.A. Whitaker and Hall. Principles of fermentation technology
- 7. Fermentation and Biochemical Engineering Handbook: Principles, Process Design, and Equipment by H.C. Vogel, C.L. Todaro, C.C. Todaro. Publisher: Noyes Data Corporation/ Noyes Publications.
- 8. New Products and New Areas of Bioprocess Engineering (Advances in Biochemical
- 9. Engineering/Biotechnology, 68) by T. Scheper. Publisher : Springer Verlag. New and Future Developments in Microbial Biotechnology and Bioengineering: Microbial Secondary Metabolites Biochemistry and Applications byVijai G. Gupta (editor), Anita Pandey (editor)
- 10. Biotechnology of Antibiotics and Other Bioactive Microbial Metabolites by Giancarlo Lancini, Rolando Lorenzetti
- 11. Bacterial physiology and metabolism by Kim B.H. and Gadd G.M. 2008. Publisher: Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

M. Sc. Semester-II Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE-2)-MICROBIOLOGY- Paper 7 (MMI2T07) (PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY)

Course Outcomes:

1) Students will gain the knowledge regarding Drug discovery and drug development

2) Students will get knowledge about production of various types of enzymes antibiotic resistance and development of new therapeutic drugs to the students.

3) Students will have a deep insight into the antimicrobial agents and their mode of action.

4) Students get knowledge about Regulatory practices, biosensors applications in Pharmaceuticals and Quality Assurance

DSE-2	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:
THEORY			04
Unit-I			
Introduction to	History and development o	f chemotherapeutic agent,	15 Hrs
Chemotherapeut	Properties of antimicrobial agent	s, Types of chemotherapeutic	
ic agents	agents – Synthetic, Semisyn	thetic, Natural Antibiotics	
	Antimicrobial agents: antibac	terial, antifungal, antiviral,	
	antiprotozoal and anti cancer an	tibiotics and drugs and their	
	mode of action.		
	Unit-II		
Preservation,	Principles of preservation: object	ives of preservation, the ideal	15 Hrs
Antibiotic	preservative, rational developme	ent of a product preservative	
resistance and	system etc.		
development of	Preservative stability and effication	cy. methods of Preservative	
new inerapeutics	evaluation and testing		
	Development of antibiotic resista	nce, Mechanism of antibiotic	
	resistance, Antimicrobial Per	otides: History, properties,	
	sources, mode ofaction, applicati	on.	
	Phage therapy: introduction to	phages, lytic cycle, types of	
	phages involved in phage therapy	7	
	Plant based therapeutic agents		
	Unit III		
Microbial	Microbial contamination and spo	ilage of pharmaceutical	15 Hrs
production and	products (sterile injectibles non i	njectibles, ophthalmic	
Spoilage of	preparations and implants) and th	eir sterilization.	
pharmaceutical	Manufacturing procedures and in	process control of	
Products	pharmaceuticals.	1	
	(strentokingge strentodornage)	by microbial termentations	
	(succine technology DNA y	accines synthetic pentide	
	vaccines, multivalent subunit vac	cines. Vaccine clinical trials	

	Unit IV
Regulatory	Introduction to pharmacopoeia: Food and Drug 15 Hrs
practices,	Administration (FDA) regulation and Indian Pharmacopoeia
biosensors	(IP), British Pharmacopoeia (BP), United States
applications in	Pharmacopoeia(USP)
Pharmaceuticals	Good Laboratory Practices (GLP) Good Manufacturing
and Quality	Practices (GMP) and Current Good Manufacturing Practices
Assurance	(cGMP), Government regulatory practices and policies, FDA
	perspective. Rational drug design.
	Biosensors in pharmaceuticals Application of microbial
	enzymes in pharmaceuticals.
	Regulatory aspects of quality control. Quality assurance and
	quality management in pharmaceuticals ISO, WHO and US
	certification. Sterilization control and sterility testing (heat
	sterilization, D value, z value, survival curve, Radiation,
	gaseous and filter sterilization)
	Design and layout of sterile product manufacturing unit.
	(Designing of Microbiology laboratory)
	Safety in Microbiology laboratory.

1. Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Edt. byW.B.Hugo&A.D.Russell Sixth edition. Blackwell scientific Publications.

2. Analytical Microbiology –Edt by Frederick Kavanagh Volume I & II. Academic Press New York.

3. Prescott's Microbiology 8th Edition by Willey, Joanne, Sherwood, Linda, Woolverton, Chris

4. Pharmaceutical Microbiology by AshutoshKar

5. Quinolinone antimicrobial agents – Edt. by David C. Hooper, JohnS.Wolfson .ASM Washington DC.

6. Quality control in the Pharmaceutical Industry - Edt. by Murray S.Cooper Vol.2. Academic Press New York.

7. Biotechnology – Edt. By H.J.Rehm & G.Reed, Vol 4. VCH Publications, Federal Republic of Germany.

8. Pharmaceutical Biotechnology by S.P.Vyas &V. K. Dixit. CBS Publishers& Distributors, New Delhi.

9. Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceuticals Second Edition, by Sydney H.Willig, Murray M.Tuckerman, William S.Hitchings IV. Mercel Dekker NC New York.

10. Advances in Applied Biotechnology Series Vol 10, Biopharmaceuticals in transition. Industrial Biotechnology Association by Paine Webber.Gulf Publishing Company Houston.

11. Drug Carriers in biology & Medicine Edt. by Gregory Gregoriadis. Academic Press New York.

12. Quality Assurance in Microbiology by Rajesh Bhatia, Rattan lalIhhpunjani. CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi.

M. Sc. Semester-II MICROBIOLOGY – PRACTICAL-3 (MMI2P03)			
Course Outcor	nes		
1. Be able to perfo	rm techniques in environmental m	icrobiology	
2. Be able to unders	tand different parameters in environn	nent microbiology	
LAB-3	Hours: 06 Hours /Week	Marks: 50+50=100	Credit:
			03
	Perform minimum 10 from fo	llowing practical's	
	1. Determination of Colour, Turk	oidity, temperature as physical	45 Hrs
	characteristics of water and se	wage	
	2. Determination of pH, alkali	nity and acidity of water and	
	sewage	of wests water	
	4. Determination of hardness of s	sewage oil and grease	
	5 Determination of oil and g	rease contents in water and	
	sewage	icuse contents in water and	
	6. Determination of Dissolve ox	ygen in sewage	
	7. Determination of Chemical Ox	xygen Demand in sewage.	
	8. Determination of nitrate nitro	gen in water and sewage by	
	UV - spectrophotometric method		
	9. Determination of the concentr	ation of sulphate in water and	
	sewage by using turbidometric r	nethod,	
	10. Determination of the conce	ntration of chloride in water	
	and sewage by Mohr's titrimetri	c method,	
	11. Determination of the concent	tration of phosphorus in water	
	12 Sample (water and saw	age) preparation for metal	
	analysis	age) preparation for metal	
	13 Determination of the concer	ntration of mercury in water	
	and sewage by spectrophotomet	ric method.	
	14. Determination of the conce	ntration of lead in water and	
	sewage by spectrophotometric n	nethod,	
	15. Determination of the conce	entration of copper in water	
	and sewage by spectrophotomet	ric method	
	16. Determination of Microb	iological characteristics of	
	water and sewage		
	17. Determination of Microbiolo	ogical analysis of soil:	
	18. Screening of antibiotic pro	oducing microorganism from	
	SOII,	ion nuo possi in sell	
	19. 10 demonstrate ammonification	rocess in soil	
	20.10 demonstrate multication p	n process in soil	

1. Environmental Science and Biotechnology by A. G. Murugesan and C. Rajkumari ISBN 10: 8180940098 / ISBN 13: 9788180940095 Editorial: MJP Pub, Chennai, 2005

2. Practical Manual of Wastewater by Barbara Hauser CRC Press 2019

3. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th edition APHA AWWA, 2023.

4. Handbook Of Water And Wastewater Analysis Hardcover - 1 January 2007 by Kanwaljit Kaur

5. Handbook of Methods in Environmental Studies: Water and Waste Water Analysis by <u>S.K. Maiti</u>, Oxford Book Company 2011

6. Water and Wastewater Laboratory Techniues by Roy- Keith Smith Water Environment Federation, Second Edition.

7. Industrial Water Analysis Handbook Author: Natarajan Manivasakam, Chemical Publishing Book 2011

8. Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 2: Microbiological and Biochemical Properties: 12 (SSSA Book Series) by Peter J. Bottomley, J. Scott Angle, R. W. Weaver, 2014

10. Soil Microbiology, Ecology, and Biochemistry by Paul and Clark, 1989

11. Advanced Techniques in Soil Microbiology by Ajit Varma and Ralf Oelmuller 2007 Springer Publication

M. Sc. Semester-II MICROBIOLOGY – PRACTICAL-4 (MMI2P04)

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Be able perform various diagnostic technique in immunology.
- 2. Be able to gain knowledge of different bacterial diseases and their diagnosis

LAB-4	Hours: 06 Hours /Week Marks: 50+50=100	Credit: 03
	Perform minimum 10 from following practical's	
	1) Determination of concentration of antigen in the serur	n 45 Hrs
	sample by Immunodiffusion technique	
	2) Perfromance of Immunoelectrophoresis technique t separate immunoglobulins	0
	3) Determination of Blood grouping and Rh type	
	4) Detection of typhoid antigen using Widal [slide and tube	1
	tests.	-
	5) Detection of Syphilis using TRUST [Toludine Re	d
	Unheated Serum Test]	
	6) Performance of Australian latex antigen test.	
	7) Performance of Antistreptolysin 'O'test [ASO]	
	8) Performance of Pregnancy test.	
	9) Performance of Rheumatoid arthritis test [RA]	
	10) Detection for the presence of antibodies to Syphilis b	У
	RPR [rapid plasma reagin] test.	
	11) Performance of <i>Treponema pallidum</i> haemagglutinatio	n
	test (TPHA).	
	12) One step test for Qualitative detection of HBs.	
	13) ELISA [Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay]-HIV an	d
	HBs.	
	14) Serological detection of tuberculosis by Quanti FERON	_
	TB Gold test	
	15) Isolation & Identification of Rosettee cells.	
	16) Total and Differential counting of WBC.	

- Hudson, L. and Hay, F.C. (1989). Practical Immunology. 3rd Edition, Blackwell scientific Publications, Oxford.
- 2. Myers, R.L. (1989). Immunology: A Laboratory Manual. Wm. C.Brown Publishers. Dubuque, Lowa.
- 3. Rastogi, S.C. (1996). Immunodiagnostics Principles and Practice. New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Talwar, G.P. (1983). A Hand Book of Practical Immunology. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Talwar, G.P. and Gupta, S.K. (1992). A Hand Book of Practical and Clinical Immunology. Vol. 1 CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi.
- 6. Turgeon, M.L. (1990). Immunology and Serology in Laboratory Medicine. The C.V. Mosby Company, Baltimore.
- 7. Frank C. Hay, Olwyn M. R. Westwood (2008) Practical Immunology, 4th Edition Wiley-Blackwell Publisher
- 8. Ray Edwards (1999) Immunodiagnostic A Practical Approach by Oxford University Press
- 9. *Imunodiagnostics* Principles and *Practice*. A Hand *Book* of *Practical* and Clinical *Immunology*. Vol. 1 -2, New Age International (P) Ltd.
- 10. Garvey, J.S., Cremer, N.E. and Sussdorf, D.H. (1977). Methods in Immunology. A Laboratory Text for Instruction and Research. 3rd Edition. The Benjamin Cummings Publishing Company Advanced Book Program, London.
- Praful B. Godkar (Author), Darshan P. Godkar (2018) Textbook Of Medical Laboratory Technology Clinical Laboratory Science And Molecular Diagnosis 2 Vol Set, 3rd Ed Bhalani Publishing House

M. Sc. Semester-III Discipline Specific Core Course (DSC-5) -MICROBIOLOGY- Paper 8 (MMI3T08) (MICROBIAL DIVERSITY, EVOLUTION AND ECOLOGY)

Course Outcomes

- 1. Students should gain understanding of major concepts in microbial ecology.
- 2. Students will understand contemporary techniques used to analyze microbial communities and community function.
- 3. Students should understand microbial evolution and ecosystem management.

DSC-5	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:
THEORY			04
	Unit-I		
Study of			15 Hrs
microbial diversity	Distribution, Abundance, Ecological N	Viches.	
	Types-Bacterial, Archael, Eucaryal, C Archae	Characteristics and Classification of	
	Thermophiles classification, habita Commercial aspects of thermophiles a	at and thermophilic adaptations. and application of thermoenzymes.	
	Acidophiles- Classification, life at low	PH, acido-tolerance, applications.	
Alkaliphiles- Isolation, habitat distribution and taxonomy, Enzymo alkaliphiles and their applications.			
	Psychrophiles- Microbial diversity at adapted enzymes, cryoprotectants a exopolymers in microbial adaptations	cold ecosystem, cold sensing, cold and ice binding proteins, role of to sea ice.	
	Halophiles- Classification, Haloph Hypersaline Environments, Proka osmo-adaptations or halotolerance me and their extremozymes.	ilicity and Osmotic protection, aryotic halophiles: Halobacteria – chanism, Applications of halophiles	
	Barophiles- Classification, high propressure, life under pressure, applicat	essure habitat adaptation to high ions of barophiles.	

Unit-II			
Methods of studying	Introduction to Species richness, Total number of species, Species evenness and Distribution of species.	15 Hrs	
microbial diversity	Methods of biodiversity analysis:		
	Biochemical Methods -1. Plate Count: Selective plating & Direct viable counts 2. Community physiological profiling (CLPP) 3. Fatty acid methyl ester analysis (FAME), advantages & disadvantages of biochemical methods.		
	Molecular based methods : 1. G+C content 2. Nucleic acid re- association and hybridization 3. DNA Microarrays 4. DNA Cloning & Sequencing 5. PCR-based methods DGGE/TGGE, Single strand conformation polymorphism (SSCP), Restriction fragment length polylymorphism (RFLP), Terminal restriction fragment length polymorphism (T-RFLP) Ribosomal intergenic spacer analysis (RISA) / Automated ribosomal intergenic spacer analysis (ARISA). Highly repeated sequence characterization or microsatellite regions, advantages & disadvantages of molecular methods.		
	Study of Diversity indices, dominance indices, information statistics indices, Shannon index, Brillouin Index, Rank abundance diagrams, community similarity analysis, Jaccard Coefficient, Sorensen coefficient, cluster analysis.		
	Unit III	4 8 11	
Study of Microbial Evolution	Evolution of earth and early life forms.	15 Hrs	
	Primitive life forms:-RNA world, molecular coding, energy and carbon metabolism, origin of Eukaryotes, endosymbiosis.		
	Methods for determining evolutionary relationships:-Evolutionary chronometers, Ribosomal RNA sequencing, signature sequences, phyllogenetic probes, microbial community analysis.		
	Derivation of Microbial Phyllogeny:-characteristics of domain of life, classical taxonomy, chemotaxonomy, bacterial speciation.		
	Genetic structure of population:-Genotype frequency, allele frequencies. Hardy-Weinberg Law: -Assumptions, predictions, derivation, extension and natural selection.		

	Unit IV
Microbial	Population, guilds, communities, homeostatis, Environment and 15 Hrs
Interactions	microenvironment Terrestrial environment, deep, surface
and Ecosystem	ecosystems.
Management	Fresh water environment, lake and river microbiology. Marine Microbiology and Hydrothermal vents.
	Microbial Interactions: Competition and coexistence, Gause hypothesis, syntrophy, commensalism and Mutualism, predation, parasitism, and antagonism, Interaction with plants and animals.
	Management and improvement of waste land/barren land. Oil spills, damage and management petroleum and oil shore management.

1. Advances in applied microbiology. Vol.X, edited by Wayne W. Umbreit and D. Pearlman Academic Press.

2. Brock biology of Microorganisms. XI edition. By Michael T. Madigan, John M. Martinko. Pearson Education International.

3. Extreme environment. Metabolism of microbial Adaptation. Milton R., Heinirich Academic Press.
 4. Extremophiles by Johri B.N. 2000. Springer Werlag, New York.

5. Microbial diversity by Colwd D., 1999, Academic Press.

6. Microbial ecology. Fundamental and applications by Ronald M. Atlas and Richard Bartha. II and IV edition.

7. Microbial Ecology. Ii edition by R. Campbell. Blackwell scientific publication. 8. Microbial life in extreme Environment. Edited by D.J. Kushner. Academic Press.

9. Microbiology : Dynamics and Diversity by Perry.

10. Microbiology of Extreme Environment . Edited by Clive Edward. Open University Press. Milton Keynes.

11. Microbiology of extreme Environment and its potentials for Biotechnology. Edited by N. S. Da Coasta, J. C. Duarata, R.A.D. Williams. Elsisver applied science, London

12. Thermophiles. General, Molecular and applied Microbiology. Thomas D.Brock. Wiley Interscience publication.

13. Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals and Applications. 4th ed. (Addison-Wesley) Atlas, R.M., and R. Bartha. 1998.

M. Sc. Semester-III

Discipline Specific Core Course (DSC-6) -MICROBIOLOGY- Paper 9 (MMI3T09) (MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND GENETICS)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate knowledge of the central dogma of biology
- 2. Understand the DNA proof reading and repair system of DNA.
- 3. Know about DNA regulation and post translation modification to became functional proteins
- 4. Basic understanding of genetics and hereditary

DSC-6 THEORY	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit: 04
	Uni	t-I	I
Genome organization and Gene Regulation	 Structural organization of genome (prokaryotes and eukaryotes), Cot curve analysis, C-value paradox. Regulation of gene expression : An overview on levels of regulation, terminology and operon concepts, enzyme induction and repression; positive and negative regulation in E. coli- lac and ara operons; regulation by attenuation – his and trp operons; antitermination – N protein and nut sites in Lambda phage. Organization and regulation of nif and nod gene expression in bacteria; gal operon in yeast. Global regulatory responses-heat shock response, stringent response and regulation by small molecules such as cAMP and PPGP 		15 Hrs
DNA	Unit	t-II	15 Hrs
Replication and DNA Repair	General principles, Characterist replication. relation between centre enzymology of DNA replication Mechanism of DNA replication inhibitors of DNA replication.	ics of replication, various modes of ll cycle and DNA synthesis, n in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, in prokaryotes and eukaryotes,	
	Types of DNA damage-deamina and pyrimidine dimers; repair p repair, nucleotide/base, excision SOS repair system.	ation, oxidative damage, alkylation athways – mismatch, short patch repair, recombination repair and	

	Unit III			
Protein Biosynthesis and DNA binding proteins	Central dogma theory and flow of genetic information, genetic code and its elucidation, structure and composition of prokaryotic and eukaryotic ribosomes, structural features of rRNA, mRNA and tRNA in relation to function, steps of protein biosynthesis (activation of amino acids, initiation, elongation, termination) in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; post translational modification of proteins and their sorting and targeting; regulation of translation; inhibitors of protein biosynthesis	15 Hrs		
	DNA binding proteins: Enhancer sequences and control of transcription. Identification of protein – binding sites on DNA, control of transcription by interaction between RNA polymerases and promoter region, use of alternate sigma factors, controlled termination attenuation and anti termination			
	Unit IV			
Genetics	Mendelian principles (Dominance, segregation, independent assortment, allele, multiple allele), Pseudoallele, codominance, incomplete dominance, pleiotrophy, genome imprinting, penetrance and expressivity, linkage and crossing over, sex linkage, Sex-limited and sex-influenced characters, linkage maps, gene mapping with molecular markers and by using somatic cell hybrid.	15 Hrs		
	Deviation from Mendelism: Complex patterns of inheritance, quantitative traits and inbreeding			
	Non-Mendlian inheritance: Cytoplasmic inheritance and imprinting			

- 1. Molecular Genetics of Bacteria, 3rd ed. 1998. J.W. Dale. Wiley Publ.
- 2. Bacterial and Bacteriophage Genetics. 4th ed. 2000. By E.A. Birge. Springer.
- 3. Modern Genetic Analysis by Griffith.
- 4. Genetics by Gardner.
- Molecular Cell Biology. 1995, 3rd ed. by Lodish et al. Scientific American books, W.H. Freeman and Company.

- Molecular Biology. 1995, by David Freifelder, Narosa Publ. House. 9. Text Book of Molecular Biology. 1994, by Sivarama Sastry et al, Macmillan India Ltd.
- Genes VIII. 1997. by B. Lewin. Oxford University Press. The Biochemistry of nucleic acids. 1992, 11th ed. by Adams et al, Chapman and Hall.
- Biochemistry. 1995 by L. Stryer. W.H. Freeman and Co.Biochemistry, 1998, 4th ed. by G.L. Zubay. W.C.B. Publ.
- 9. Microbial Genetics. 1995, by David Freifelder. Narosa Publ. House.
- Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. 1997, by W.H. Elliott & D.C. Elliott. Oxford University Press.
- 11. Molecular biology of the Gene. 1998, 5th ed. Watson et al, Addison Wesley Longman.
- 12. Concepts of Genetics, Klug WS and Cummings MR Prentice Hall

M. Sc. Semester-III

Discipline Specific Core Course (DSC-7) -MICROBIOLOGY- Paper 10 (MMI3T10) (RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY AND NANOBIOTECHNOLOGY)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Understand the application of recombinant DNA technology in biotechnological research.
- 2. Achieve a sound knowledge on methodological repertoire which allows them to innovatively apply these techniques in basic and applied fields of life science researches
- 3. Understand the Synthesis, characterization and application of nanomaterials in biological sciences

DSC-7	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:
THEORY			04
	Unit	t-I	
Molecular	DNA cloning: Enzymes used in recombinant DNA technology, High		
Cloning	capacity cloning vectors (cosmid, YAC, BAC & PAC), genomic library,		
Methods	cDNA library and chromosome libraries, Transformation, Gene		
	knockout techniques in bacterial an	d eukaryotic organisms.	
	Screening and identification of gen	es, Expression vectors, heterologous	
	probes, oligonucleotide probes, mic	croarrays.	
	RNA Analysis and Gene Expression	on- Methods for RNA isolation and	
	purification. Analysis of gene expre	ession.	
	PCR:Steps, advantages, limitations,	application,RT-PCR,	
	Unit	-Π	
Other	Restriction mapping: DNA sequer	ncing dideoxy and pyrosequencing	15 Hrs
molecular	DNA fingerprinting S1 Mapping primer expressions		
tools for	DNase footprinting, DMS footprinting		
study in	Nuclear run on transcription, report	ter gene transcription.	
Genes	Genome Editing - Introduction	to genome editing techniques-	
	Principles and applications of gen	nome editing techniques. CRISPR-	
	Cas9, site-directed mutagenesis, an	d other genome editing methods.	
	Unit	ш	
Application	Overview of the diverse application	tions of rDNA technology, Gene	15 Hrs
of rDNA	therapy and its potential in treating	ng genetic disorders, Strategies for	
technology	gene delivery in therapeution	c applications, Production of	
	biopharmaceutical (Somatostatin	and anticancer drugs) using	
	recombinant DNA technology,	Industrial applications of genetic	
	engineering, such as enzyme proc	duction (Proteases and Iysozyme),	
	biology and its integration with ger	petic engineering	
	biology and its integration with get	iete engineering.	

Unit IV					
Nano-	Concept of Nano-Biotechnology, Properties of nanomaterials,	15 Hrs			
Biotechnology	Classification of nanomaterials.				
	Synthesis of nanoparticles: Silver and Silver oxide nanoparticles,				
	Techniques for detection of nanoparticles: UV-Visible and Infra-				
	red Spectroscopy, and XRD				
	Applications of Nano-Biotechnology: Agriculture and food				
	processing, Biosensors, Drug and gene delivery sysyem,				
	Cancer diagnostic and treatment.				
	Limitations of Nanoparticles				

- 1. Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics (2016) 8th ed., Primrose, SB, and Twyman, R, Wiley Blackwell, ISBN: 978-1405156660.
- 2. Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis: An Introduction (2019) 7th ed., Brown, TA, Wiley Blackwell, ISBN: 978-1119072560.
- 3. Benjamin Lewis, Genes VIII (3rd Ed.) Oxford University & Cell Press, NY.2004.
- 4. Genome 4 (2017) 4th ed., Brown, TA, Garland Science, ISBN: 978-0815345084.
- 5. Brown T.A. Genomes, 2nd ed, 2002, Taylor and Francis publishers, New York 5) Primrose S.B, Twyman R.m., and Old R.w.,
- 6. Principles of gene manipulations, 6th ed, 2002, Blackwell publishers, Oxford.
- 7. Walker M.J., and Raply R. Molecular biology and biotechnology 4th ed, 2000, Panima publishers, New delhi.,
- 8. Challa S. S. R. Kumar, Josef Hormes, Carola Leuschner, "Nanofabrication towards Biomedical Applications, Techniques, Tools, Applications and Impact", Wiley VCH.
- 9. D.S. Goodsell, "Bionanotechnology: Lessons from Nature", Wiley Press.
- 10. Genomic Medicine: Principles and Practice (2014) 2nd ed., Ginsburg, GS, and Willard, HF, Oxford University Press, ISBN: 978-0199334468.
- 11. Molecular Genetics and Genomics (2020) 1st ed., Krebs, JE, and Goldstein, ES, Jones & Bartlett Learning, ISBN: 978-1284154544

M. Sc. Semester-III Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE-3)-MICROBIOLOGY- Paper 11 (MMI3T11) (DRUG AND DISEASE MANAGEMENT)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Acquire knowledge of the terms prodrug, drug, and drug latentiation.
- 2. Learn about a variety of anti-infective drugs' mechanisms of action, including those of iodophores (providone-iodine), benzylkonium chloride, and genita violet.
- 3. Understanding the variety of antifungal, antitubercular, antiprotozoal, antimalarial, and antihistaminic medicines' mechanisms of action

DSE-3	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:
THEORY			04
	Unit-1		
Drug	History, Prodrug design-Basic concept, Prodrugs to improve patient		
latentiation and Prodrug	acceptability, carrier-linked prodrug	s, (carrier linkages for various	
0	functional groups, carrier-linked bipa	artite prodrugs, macromolecular	
	drug carrier systems) bioprecursors p	rodrugs	
	(hydrolytic activation, elimination ac	ctivation,	
	oxidative activation, reductive activation	tion, nucleotide activation,	
	phosphorylation activation, sulfation	activation and decarboxylation ac	
	tivation)., carboxylic acids and alcohols, amines, carboxyl compounds.		
	Drug-microbe: Host-parasite relation	nship, mechanism of drug action	
	and drug resistance including MDR.		
Unit-II			
Antimicrobial	Anti infective agents:Iodophores	(povidone-Iodine), Benzalkonium	15 Hrs
agents	chloride, gentian violet, mercury co	chloride, gentian violet, mercury compounds.	
(chemistry &	Antifungal agents Ketoconazole Nystatin Griceofulvin		
mode of action	Amphotericin B Clotrimazole Econazole Eluoropazole		
	Miconazole. Tolnaftate.		
	Antitubercular agents: Isoniaz sodium, Capreomycin, Ethambutol,	id, cycloserine Aminosalicylate Rifampicin.	

Unit III			
Anti-	Histamines and Antihistaminic agents: Cimetidine, Ranitidine,	15 Hrs	
inflammatory	Omeprazole.		
agents	H ₁ First-Generation: Meclizine, Clemastine, Hydroxyzine,		
(chemistry &	Brompheniramine, Dimetindene, Doxylamine		
mode of action)	H ₁ Second-Generation:Loratadine, Cetirizine, levocetirizine,		
	H ₂ : Ranifidine, Cimetidine, Famotidine,		
	Analgesic agents: Paracetamol (acetaminophen) <u>ibuprofen</u> -		
	or <u>diclofenac</u> - <u>Opioid</u> <u>Morphine</u> , and their derivatives		
	Anti-inflammatory analgesics-Phenylbutazone and		
	oxyphenbutazone, Prostagacetylated salicylates (aspirin), non-		
	acetylated salicylates (diflunisal, salsalate), propionic acids (naproxen,		
	ibuprofen, acetic acids (diclofenac, indomethacin), enolic acids		
	(meloxicam, piroxicam) anthranilic acids		
Unit IV			
Anti Parasitic	Antiprotozoal agents:	15 Hrs	
agents	8-Hydroxyquinoline ,Hydroxychloroquine, Metronidazole		
(chemistry &	Nifursemizone, Ornidazole		
mode of action)	Antimalarials: Quininesulphate, Atovaquone/Proguanil (Malarone)		
,	Chloroquine.		
	Doxycycline.Mefloquine. Primaquine. Pyrimethamine.		

1. The Organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action, Silverman R. B., Academic Press.

2. Textbook of Drug Design and Discovery, Eds. Krogsgaard-Larsen P., Liljefors T., Madsen U., Taylor & Francis.

3. Drug Discovery – A History, Sneader W., Wiley.

4. Medicinal Chemistry: An Introduction, Thomas G, Wiley.

5. Drug Discovery – A History, Sneader W, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.

6. Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry, Series Ed., Hansch C., Pergamon Press.

7. Wilson and Gisvold's, Textbook of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Lippincott-Raven

8. Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.

9. Drug Metabolizing Enzymes-Cytochrome P450 and Other Drug Metabolizing Enzymes in Drug Discovery and Development, Lee JS, Obach SR and Fisher MB, Marcel Dekker, Fontis India, 2003

10. Pharmaceutical Profiling in Drug Discovery for Lead Selection, Borchardt RT, Kerns EH, Lipinski CA, Thakker DR and

Wang B, AAPS Press, 2004

11. Drug Metabolism - Current Concepts, Ionescu C and Caira MR, Springer International Edition

12. Handbook of Drug Metabolism, Woolf TF, Marcel Dekker, 1999

13. Abby L .Parrill.M .Rami Reddy.Rational Drug Design.Novel Methodology and Practical Applications. ACS Symposium Series; American Chemical Society: Washington, DC, 1999.

14. J. Rick Turner. New drug development design, methodology and, analysis. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New Jersey.

M. Sc. Semester-III Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE-3)-MICROBIOLOGY- Paper 11 (MMI3T11) (BIOINFORMATICS)

Course Outcomes:

- 1. The program aims to utilize and understand biological databases to gather, store, retrieve, manage, analyze and integrate biological data for generating new knowledge
- 2. Better understanding of dynamic biological processes and their understanding at molecular level enabled through and correlated using internet and Bioinformatics.
- 3. To introduce new age concepts of big data in the 'omics' era and their analysis

DCE 2	Hound 04 Hound /Week	Marker 80 - 20_100	Cradite
DSE-5 THEORY	Hours: 04 Hours / week	Marks: 80+20=100	04
	Unit-I		
Basic Concepts and Computer Coding	Basic Concept of Computer Organization, Internet, File Transfer Protocol, Browser, Home Page, Hyper text transfer protocol, Uniform Resource Locator, Hyperlink and Web Applications. Computer Coding:- Number system, decimal number system, binary number system, binary to decimal conversion, Binary arithmetic, octal number system, hexadecimal number system.		15 Hrs
	Unit-II		
Genomics and Proteomics	Genomics: Nucleotide sequence Identification Goals of the Human Genome Pro- maps, physical maps, shotgun nucleotides, DNA sequences. I Dynamic programming glob BLAST,FASTA,Scoring matrices, sequence alignments. Pattern of substitution number estimations, bank (PDB), Nucleic Acid Data H Data Bank (MMDB)	e Databases, its Analysis and oject, cloning vectors, concept of libraries, DNA polymorphism, Dot Plots, Simple alignments, oal and local alignments ,and alignment scores. Multiple of substitution within genes, molecular clocks. Protein Data Bank (NDB),Molecular modeling	15 Hrs

Unit III			
Phyllogenetics	Phylogenetic analysis:-Evolution, elements of phylogeny, methods of phylogenetic analysis, Phylogenetic tree of life, comparison of genetic sequence of organisms, phylogenetic analysis tools-Phylip, ClustalW. Parsimony,Inferred ancestral sequence, consensus tress,comparison of phyllogenetic methods.	15 Hrs	
Unit IV			
Protein structure predictionProtein Structure Prediction:- Homology modeling, prediction of protein structure from sequences, functional sites. protein identification and characterization:- AACompIdent, TagIdent, PepIdent and MultiIdent, PROSEARCH, PepSea, PepMAPPER, FindPept, Predicting transmembrane helices, Primary structure analysis and prediction, Secondary structure analysis and prediction, motifs, profiles, patterns and fingerprints search. Methods of sequence based protein prediction.		15 Hrs	

- 1. DNA
 Sequencing:
 From
 Experimental
 Methods
 to
 Bioinformatics

 Author(s):
 Luke Alphey
 Image: Comparison of the second second
- 2. Bioinformatics:
 The
 Machine
 Learning
 Approach

 Author(s):
 P.Baldi and S. Brunak
 Image: Approach
 Image: Approach
- 3. Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins, Second Edition Author(s): Andreas D. Baxevanis and B. F. Francis Ouellette (Eds)
- 4. Bioinformatics for Dummies *Author(s): Jean-Michel Claverie and Cedric Notredame*
- 5. Protein Bioinformatics: An Algorithmic Approach to Sequence and Structure Analysis *Author(s): Ingvar Eidhammer, Inge Jonassen, William R.T. Taylor*
- Bioinformatics: Genomics and Proteomics Vikas Publishing House (7 November 2014) Author Ruchi Singh

M. Sc. Semester-III MICROBIOLOGY – PRACTICAL-5 (MMI3P05)

Course Outcomes:

1. Be able perform various diagnostic technique in immunology.

2. Be able to gain knowledge of different bacterial diseases and their diagnosis

LAB-5	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 50+50=100	Credit: 02
	Perform minimum 10 from	following practical's	
	1) Antibiotic Sensitivity Test by Kirby-I	Bauer Disk Diffusion method	30 Hrs
	and Isolation of antibiotic resistant micr	obes.	
	2)Determination of purity and quantitifi	cation of DNA by UV	
	absorption method		
	3)Determination of melting temperature	(Tm) of DNA.	
	4)Quantification of RNA by orcinol met	hod	
	5) Isolation of genomic DNA.		
	6)Analysis of G+C percentage in bacter	erial DNA	
	7)DNA fingerprinting by RAPD.		
	8)Restriction analysis of genomic DNA.		
	9)Southern blotting analysis of DNA.		
	10) Isolation of plasmid DNA and deter	mination of molecular size of	
	plasmid DNA.		
	11) Amplification of gene by PCR.		
	12) Isolation of RNA by agarose gel ele	ctrophoresis.	
	13)Ligation of DNA into plasmid vector	rs.	
	14)Preparation of competent cells.		
	15)Transformation of E. coli with stand	ard plasmids.	
	16) Selection of recombinant clones by	blue – White screening.	
	17) Synthesis of silver nanoparticles		
	18) Synthesis of ZnO nanoparticles through	ugh non-aqueous route.	
	19) To study antibacterial/antifungal act	ivity of nanomaterial.	

- 1. Microbiology Laboratory Manual, 5th Edition, James G. Cappucciino and Natalie Sherman
- 2. Molecular Cloning A Laboratory Manual 1 3rd Edition, J. Sambrook, E.F Fristsch and T. Maniatis
- 3. Molecular Cloning A Laboratory Manual 2 2nd Edition, J. Sambrook, E.F Fristsch and T. Maniatis
- 4. Methods of General and Molecular Bacteriology, 1993. Edited by Philip. Gerhardt, ASM Publications.

M. Sc. Semester-IV Discipline Specific Core Course (DSC-8)-MICROBIOLOGY –Paper 12 (MMI4T12) (VIROLOGY)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Understand the role of different Viruses in the fields of Microbial science..
- 2. Understand have about Classification, Composition and the Nomenclature and at the end emerging fields of science with respect to Virology.
- 3. Develop practical skills to perform different test in identifying important Viruses

DSC-8	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:
THEORY			04
Unit-I			
Concept of	History, Classification and composition	of viruses	15 Hrs
Virology	Brief outline on discovery of viruses (Origin and evolution),		
	Terminology, Differentiation with other groups of microorganisms.		
	Nomenclature and classification of virus	ses (Regenmortel et.al.2005, 8 th	
	Report of ICTV). Genetic classification		
	Morphology and structure of viruses (siz	ze and shape/ symmetry).	
	Chemical composition of viruses (viral c	capsid, spikes, envelopes and	
	types of viral nucleic acids).		
	Viroids and Prions (Definition structure	properties and diseases)	
	Interferon: Types and mechanism of act	ion	
	Interferon. Types and meenanism of action		
	Unit-II		
Bacterial	Bacterial viruses Bacteriophages- Structural organization; life cycle		15 Hrs
viruses	(Extracellular phase; attachment, penetration of nucleic acid,		
	transcription, translation, replication, ma	turation and release of phage	
	particles) of Φ X174, T4, lambda, M13 and Mu Phages. Bacteriophage		
	typing, One step growth curve.		
	Unit III		
Animal &	nal & Animal and Plant virusesLife cycle, pathogenesis and laboratory		15 Hrs
Plant Viruse	s diagnosis of following viruses.Anima	l Viruses:-RNA	
	viruses:Picorna, Orthomyxo, Rhabdov	irus and HIV.	
	DNA viruses : Pox, Herpes, Adeno and	Hepatitis viruses. Oncogenic	
	viruses: Papova viruses, EB virus, HTI	LV viruses.	
	Plant virus : TMV, Cauliflower mosaic virus, potato virus.		
			1

Unit IV			
Diagnostic virology	General methods of Diagnosis and antiviral drugs15 HrsSerological methods: -Haemadsorption; Haemadsorption inhibition; haemagglutination; Haemagglutination inhibition(HAI); Complement fixation immunofluorescence methods. ELISA and Radioimmunoassays (RIA).15 HrsAntiviral agents: Structure and Mechanism of action of: 		

- 1. Virology :Principles and Application. John Carter and Venesia Saunders.
- Introduction to Modern Virology, 7th Edition Nigel J. Dimmock, Andrew J. Easton, <u>Keith N.</u> <u>Leppard</u>.
- 3. Prescott, Hurley. Klein-Microbiology, 7th edition, International edition, McGraw Hill.
- Kathleen Park Talaro& Arthur Talaro Foundations in Microbiology International edition 2002, McGraw Hill.
- Michael T. Madigan & J. M. Martin, Brock, Biology of Microorganisms 12th Ed.International edition 2006, Pearson Prentice Hall.
- 6. Plant Viruses, Diseases and Their Management .by Kajal Kumar Biswas

M. Sc. Semester-IV

Discipline Specific Core Course (DSC-9)-MICROBIOLOGY –Paper-13 (MMI4T13) (MICROBIAL FERMENTATION & TECHNIQUES)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Design of bioreactor and its tools, fermentation kinetics.
- 2. Recovery, purification, packaging and storage of microbial products.
- 3. Production of different microbial products.
- Laboratory management and operations, data preparation and regularly adopted practices in industries.

DSC-9	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:
THEORY			04
	Unit-I		
General	General Principles of Fermentation, Bioreactors: Typical Bioreactor		
Principles of Fermentation	and designing of their tools, Fermentation kinetics and Monods		
	Model:-Growth kinetics and Monod's Model, Substrate accelerated		
	death, specific growth rate, strin	gent response (bacterial stress	
	response), Ntr and Pho system	n, growth limiting substrate,	
	maintenance energy, growth yield	and product formation. Process	
	optimization: factors of optimization	n, rheology of fermentation fluid,	
	oxygenation, and oxygen transfer kin	netics. chemostat, turbidostat.	
	Unit-II		
Downstream	Downstream Processing and scale up. Downstream processes: types 1		
Processing	of processing units and systems, S	Storage and packaging methods.	
	Scale up; scale down: criteria invo	lved therein. Productivity, power	
	requirements, Basic control theory.		
	Unit III		
Industrial	Industrial Fermentation of Products - Biofuels (Conventional):- 1		
Fermentation	Hydrogen, Methane, Antibiotics:- Streptomycin, Cephalosporin.		
	Probiotic: Lactobacillus sake	ei. Biopolymers:- Xanthan,	
	Polyhydroxyalkanoates. Therm	nostable enzymes:-Proteases.	
	Biosurfectants. Carotenoides A	Aminoacids:- Glutamic acid.	
	Vitamins:-riboflavin. Fatty acids (Palmetate, oleate).		

	Unit IV	
Pharmaceutical	Pharmaceutical industry: Laboratory management and design, Bio	15 Hrs
industry	burden determination, Specified and objectionable microorganisms, Guidelines for preparing a laboratory information file, Assessment of pharmaceutical water systems and Endotoxin and pyrogen testing, Sterilization and sterility assurance, Cleaning and disinfection of production area, Clean rooms and environmental monitoring.	

- 1. Pelczar MJ Jr., Chan ECS and Kreig NR., "Microbiology", 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1993.
- 2. Fermentation technology. (1994). Cassida
- 3. Bioprocess engineering: Down stream processing & recovery of bioproducts, safety in biotechnology and regulations. (1990). Behrens, D. & Kramer, P.(Ed).
- 4. Enzymes- a practical introduction to structure mechanism and data analysis (2000). Copeland, R.A. 8. Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology & clinical chemistry (2004). Palmer, T.
- 5. Encyclopedia of bioprocess technology. Vol 1-5. (1999). Flickinger, M.C. & Drew, S.W.(Ed).
- 6. Schuler &Kargi, Bio-process Engg. PHI
- 7. Bailey &Olis, Biochemical Engg. Fundamentals, McGraw-Hill, 1990
- 8. Mukhopadhyay, S.N. Process Biotechnology Fundamentals, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd. 2001
- 9. Perry, Chilton & Green, Chemical Engineers' Handbook, McGraw-Hill
- 10. Bioseparations: Principles & Techniques (2005). Sivasankar B.

M. Sc. Semester-IV

Discipline Specific Core Course (DSC-10)-MICROBIOLOGY –Paper-14 (MMI4T14) (MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Understand types and stages of infection, process of infection. Mechanism of microbial infection
- 2. learn about pathogenic bacteria, pathogenic fungi, Parasites &Helminths
- 3. Also learn about New emerging infections, community associated infection and Multidrug resistant microorganisms

DSC-10	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:	
THEORY	<u> </u>		04	
	Unit-1			
Infection	Infection: Definition, Types,	stages of infection, proces	s of 15 Hrs	
	$\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{r}} = \mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{r}} + $			
	Establishment of pathogenic m	icroorganisms: Entry, spread	and	
	invasion of mucous membranes of respiratory enteric and progenital			
	tracts Aggressing and toxing	respiratory, enteric and droge	linal	
	tracts, Aggresssins and toxins.			
	Unit-II			
Bacteriology			15 Hrs	
	Pathogenic Bacteria: Morphologica	ll characteristic,	1	
	Pathogenesis and Laboratory dia	gnosis including rapid metho	ds of	
	following pathogenic bacteria;			
	Klebsiella pneumoniae; Proteus vulgaris; Clostridium perfringes;			
	Shigella dysenteriae, Pseudomo	onas aeruginosa: Vibrio chole	rae;,	
Corynebacterium diphtheriae				
Unit III				
Marcologa	Pathogenic Fungi: Morphologica	al characteristics, pathogenesis	and 15 Hrs	
wrycology	laboratory diagnosis of following	pathogenic fungi:-		
anu Parasitology	Microsporum; Trichophyton;	Histoplasma capsulati	um;	
i ai asitology	Blastomyces dermatitidis; Cal	ndida albicans; Cryptococ	CUS	
	neojormans; Phel Dorositos: Entamocha histolytica	Ciardia Lamblia:		
	Leishmania donovani	Giaraia Lambiia,		
	Helminthe individual.			
	Schitosoma haematohium			
	Unit IV			
New	New emerging infections:	-Streptococcus suis; comm	unity 15 Hrs	
emerging	associated Methicilin resistant	Staphylococcus aureus(MR	.SA),	
Infections	Bordetella pertussis, H1N1,	Multi-drugresistant tubercu	losis.	
Candida auris, Vancomycin resistant enterococci				

- 1. Medical Microbiology.By:G.F.Brooks,J.S.Butel,S.A.morse.
- 2. Text book of Microbiology.By:Ananthanarayan and Panikar.
- 3. Medical Microbiology.By:B.S.Nagoba and A.Pichare.
- 4. Clinical Microbiology and Infection control.By;Elaine Larson.
- 5. Bacterial Pathogenesis; Molecular and cellular mechanism. By; CamilaLocht and Michel Simonet.
- 6. Brock Biology of Microorganisms.By: Madigan M.T John M. Martinko and Parker J
- 7. Viruses and Interferon; current research. By:Karen Mossam
- 8. Lentiviruses and Macrophages: Molecular and Cellular intereactions. By: Moira Desporf.
- 9. Molecular Biology of the gene. By: J.D.Watson, N.h.Hoppkins, J.W.Roberts, J.A.Steitz & A.M.Weiner.
- 10. Essentials of Medical Microbiology: Apurba Sankar Sastry, Bhat Sandhya K.
- 11. Milestones in Microbiology: by Brock TD

M. Sc. Semester-IV Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE-4)-MICROBIOLOGY- Paper-15 (MMI4T15) (VACCINOLOGY)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Know the basic concepts of immunity and infection prevention.
- 2. Know the various vaccination kinds and how they work.
- 3. Promote analytical and critical decision-making skills by asking questions and working through vaccination-related problems.
- 4. Establish a broad awareness of the advantages and disadvantages of vaccinations and the skills necessary to evaluate one's own and one's family members' risks

DSE-4 THEORY	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit: 04	
	Unit-I			
Basic concepts	A:Introduction to vaccines:		15 Hrs	
of vaccination	a) Historical background of vaccination			
	b) Infections and mechanisms of disease induction			
	c) Basic concepts of immunity (Active and passive			
	immunization;) and protection	on against infection		
	B. Types of Vaccine-			
	Live, killed, recombinant DNA	A, DNA vaccines: merits and		
	demerits and protein-based vaccines;	Peptide vaccines, conjugate		
	vaccines, RNA Vaccines merits and c	lemerits, Hybrid vaccine; role		
	and properties of adjuvants, antibod	y engineering- chimeric and		
	hybrid monoclonal antibodies.			
	Vaccine against cancer T cell based vaccine, edible vaccine merits			
	and demerits and therapeutic vaccine;			
	Success stories in vaccinology e.g. Hepatitis, Polio, Small pox, DPT			
	Unit-II			
Implementation	A:Global vaccination programmes		15 Hrs	
of vaccination	a) Extended Program of Imm	unization (EPI) for children		
	b) Disease-eradication progra	ms using vaccines		
	c) Mother and child protection via vaccines			
	Pandemic and seasonal influenza vaccination			
	d) Mass immunization programmes			
	B: Vaccination policy and implement	ation		
	C: New approaches for vaccine	delivery; Engineering virus		
	vectors for vaccination; Vaccines for	r specific targets; Tuberculosis		
	Vaccine; Malaria Vaccine; HIV vacc	ine.		

Unit III			
Vaccine	Vaccine development and application	15 Hrs	
development and	A: Making a vaccine and its approval for use in human Biological basis of vaccine development, Novel strategies, Vaccine		
application	 safety, Vaccine policy issues. a) Targets for vaccine development b) Assessment of new vaccines Approval processes for new vaccine B: Unmet vaccination needs in the public health a) Novel and new infection b) Vaccines for Cancer c) Animal vaccine needs for human health protection. d) Advances in Vaccine development and challenges faced for: HIV, Measles and Tuberculosis and Benefits of vaccination 		
	Unit IV		
Vaccine trials and	Accine trials and Phases of vaccine trials, development of a vaccine protocol, 15 Hrs		
good clinical prac	 tice product management, data collection and management, outreach and awareness Overview of national and international regulatory requirements/ guidance for production, Quality control and Current Good Manufacturing Practices (cGMP) implementation. Importance and implementation of cGMP in the production of safe and efficacious biological products/ vaccines, andclean-in-place (CIP) cycle development for process equipment. Equipment cleaning and validation. Validation of sterilization equipment's. Toxicity and potency evaluation of bacterial and viral vaccines: overview of currently approved methods and alternative methods under development 		

- Vaccines,6thEdition-ByStanleyA.Plotkinet al.Saunders,ISBN: 978-1-4557-0090-5(http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9781455700905)
- 2. *HealthTopics–Vaccines.World Health Organization .Webaccess:* <u>http://www.who.int/topics/vaccines/en/</u>

- *3. Vaccines and immunization .US Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Webaccess: <u>http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/</u>*
- 4. Immunization against infectious disease (theGreenBook).PublicHealth England.Webaccess: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/immunisation-against-infectious-disease-the-green-book</u>
- 5. Recombinant and synthetic vaccines 1994. G.P. 1 Taiwan K.V.S. Rao, V.S. Chauhan, Eds. PP. 528. Springer Scan Publication.

6.New Generation Vaccines. Fourth Edition, Myrone M. Levine, Myron M. Levine,

Gordon Dougan, Michael F. Good, Margaret A. Liu, Gary J. Nabel, James P.

Nataro, RinoRappuoli.

7. Vaccine Development and Manufacturing. Emily P. Wen (Editor), Ronald Ellis

- (Editor), Narahari S. Pujar (Editor).
- 8. Vaccines & Vaccine Technologies. Jose Ronnie Vasconcelos.

9.Indian Pharmacopeia.

M. Sc. Semester-IV Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE-4)-MICROBIOLOGY- Paper-15 (MMI4T15) (BIOETHICS, BIOSAFETY AND IPR)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Comprehend biosafety regulations and guidelines governing the handling, containment and transport of hazardous materials and apply biosafety principles to ensure environmental and public safety.
- 2. Understand intellectual property(IP) and differentiate between patents, copyrights, trademark and trade secrets.

DSE-4	Hours: 04 Hours /Week	Marks: 80+20=100	Credit:	
THEORY			04	
Unit-I				
History and	Brief history of bioethics		15 Hrs	
Basic Concepts	Past and current approaches to bioethics			
	Principles of bioethics – respect of autonomy, non-maleficence,			
	justice, beneficence			
	Medical ethics			
	Public health ethics			
	Ecology and Environmental Ethics			
Unit-II				
Bioethics and	Microbiology and biotechnology	research ethics	15 Hrs	
Biosafety I	Biomedical Research Ethics			
	Genetic engineering –safety, social, moral and ethical			
	considerations			
	Bioethics, bioweapons and the microbiologist - India's			
	perspective			
	Definition and history of biosafety			
	Principles of biosafety			
	Different levels of biosafety and guidelines			
Unit III				
Bioethics and	Biosafety and risk assessment iss	ues;	15 Hrs	
Biosafety II	Regulatory framework; National b	biosafety policies and law,		
	Cartagena protocol on biosafety,			
	WTO agreements related to biost	afety,		
	Biosafety issues in germplasm Cr	oss border movement		
	Risk management issues - contain	ment.		
	General principles of biosecurity			

Unit IV			
IPR	General principles for the laboratory and environmental biosafety Biosafety issues in microbiology and biotechnology laboratories Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights Introduction to copyrights, trademarks, trade secrets, patents, geographical indications in IPR Indian patent act, amendments and patent filing Protection of plant variety and farmers right act Guidelines of IPR on the commercialization of biotechnology products	15 Hrs	

- Bernard R. Glick, Jack J. Pasternak, Cheryl L. Patten. (2010) Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA. ASM Press.
- Biosafety in Microbiology and biomedical laboratories, 5th Ed. (2009): CDC, NIH publication. HHS publication (21-1112
- * Rajul K Gupta (2017) Food Safety in the 21st Century: Public Health Perspective. Academic Press.
- 4. http://dbtbiosafety.nic.in/
- 5. Alexandra George (2006) Globalisation and Intellectual Property. Ashgate publishing company
- 6. David Pressman (2016) Patent It Yourself 18th edition, Nolo Publishers
